

<p>A push or a pull.</p> <p>FORCE METRE</p>	<p>FRICITION</p> <p>A piece of equipment used to measure forces.</p> <p>Not moving.</p>
<p>A force that attracts objects made out of iron.</p> <p>The amount of force with which gravity pulls something towards the Earth.</p> <p>MASS</p>	<p>AIR RESISTANCE</p> <p>A force that attracts things. Caused when certain materials rub together.</p>
<p>To push out of the way.</p> <p>FORCE</p>	<p>GRAVITY</p> <p>A force that needs to touch an object before it can affect it.</p> <p>A unit for measuring mass.</p>
<p>UPTHRUST</p> <p>A type of friction. A force that slows things down that are moving through air.</p>	<p>WEIGHT</p> <p>SPEED</p> <p>A graph that shows how far and how fast something travels during a journey.</p> <p>A type of friction. A force that slows things down that are moving through water.</p>

<p>The force of attraction between two objects.</p> <p>MAGNETISM</p>	<p>The unit of force.</p> <p>NON – CONTACT FORCE</p>
<p>LUBRICANT</p> <p>STATIC ELECTRICITY</p> <p>BALANCED FORCES</p> <p>A force that can affect something from a distance.</p>	<p>How fast something is moving.</p> <p>GRAM(g)</p> <p>UNBALANCED FORCES</p> <p>A force that slows things down when two things rub against each other.</p>
<p>DISPLACE</p> <p>STATIONARY</p> <p>The amount of mass that 1 cm³ of a substance has.</p> <p>Any substance that will return to its original shape and size after being stretched/squashed.</p>	<p>NEWTON(N)</p> <p>The amount of matter that something is made of.</p>
<p>ELASTIC</p> <p>WATER RESISTANCE</p> <p>Two forces that are the same strength working in opposite directions.</p> <p>A force that pushes things up in liquids and gases.</p>	<p>DENSITY</p> <p>DISTANCE – TIME GRAPH</p> <p>A substance used to reduce friction.</p> <p>Two forces working in opposite directions that are not the same strength.</p>